## Kolmeks

# Инструкция по эксплуатации (eng) Насосы с преобразованием частоты VS

По вопросам продаж и поддержки обращайтесь:

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## Contents

| 1. | General  | 4    |
|----|--|------|
|    | 1.1 Symbols  | 4    |
|    | 1.2 Fields of applications   | 4    |
|    | 1.2.1 AE, L, AL pumps  | 4    |
|    | 1.2.2 AEP-, LP-, ALP- pumps  | 4    |
|    | 1.2.3 LH-, ALH- pumps  | 4    |
|    | 1.2.4 LS-, ALS- pumps  | 4    |
|    | 1.3 Limits of application and use  | 5    |
|    | 1.4 Manufacturer   | 5    |
|    | 1.5 Version  | 5    |
| 2. | Handling, transport and storage of the pump                                  | 5    |
| 3. | Design and function  | 6    |
|    | 3.1 Construction   | 6    |
|    | 3.2 Technical data   | 6    |
|    | 3.3 Pump identification  | 8    |
| 4. | Safety   | 9    |
|    | 4.1 Safety instructions  | 9    |
|    | 4.2 Training   | 9    |
|    | 4.3 Elements of danger if safety regulations are not obeyed                  |      |
|    | 4.4 Safety instructions for inspection and assembly                          | . 10 |
|    | 4.5 Operating the pump   | . 10 |
| 5. | Installation, introduction and start-up                                      | . 10 |
| 4  | 5.1 Positions for installation   | . 11 |
|    | 5.2 Electrical connections   | . 11 |
|    | 5.3 Control methods and connections  | . 12 |
|    | 5.3.1 I/O's and Kolmeks Factory Defaults of the VS-pump (inputs and outputs) | . 12 |
|    | 5.3.2 VS-pump monitoring parameters  | . 14 |
|    | 5.3.3 VSA-pump – speed reference from the display                            | . 15 |
|    | 5.3.4 VSB-pump – constant pressure between the pump flanges                  |      |
|    | 5.3.5 VSC-pump - constant pressure in between inlet- and outlet-line         | . 16 |
|    | 5.3.6 VSD-pump - constant pressure in discharge (pressure boosting)          | . 17 |



| 5.3.7 VSF-pump - constant temperature                     | 17 |
|---|----|
| 5.3.8 VSG-pump - controlled by external system            |    |
| 5.3.9 VSM-pump – controlled by MODBUS RTU –bus connection |    |
| 6. Service, spare parts and troubleshooting               | 19 |
| 6.1 Shaft seals   | 19 |
| 6.2 Other parts   | 20 |
| 6.3 Troubleshooting                                       | 21 |
| 6.4 Checking of alarm history                             | 25 |
| 6.5 Alarm and fault codes                                 | 25 |
| 7. Declaration of Conformity                              | 29 |
| 8. Annex  |    |
| 8.1 Wiring diagram VSA-single pump                        |    |
| 8.2 Wiring diagram VSB-single pump                        |    |
| 8.3 Wiring diagram VSC-single pump                        |    |
| 8.4 Wiring diagram VSD-single pump                        |    |
| 8.5 Wiring diagram VSF-single pump                        |    |
| 8.6 Wiring diagram VSG-single pump                        |    |
| 8.7 Wiring diagram VSM-single pump                        |    |



## 1. General

## 1.1 Symbols



Warns that failure to observe the precaution may cause personal injury or damage to property.



Warns that failure to observe the precaution may cause electric shock.

ATTN!

Indicates something to be noted by the reader.

## **1.2 Fields of applications**

The most common applications are heating, air condition, cooling systems. Also heat exchangers, pressure boosting systems, district heating systems, ice halls, public baths and industrial processes.

## 1.2.1 AE\_-, L\_-, AL\_- pumps

Clean, thin, non-aggressive liquids.

- circulating water in for heating and cooling systems
- water-glycol mixtures

#### 1.2.2 AEP-, LP-, ALP- pumps

Clean, thin, slightly aggressive liquids.

- domestic hot water, oxygen rich waters, sea water, etc.

#### 1.2.3 LH-, ALH- pumps

- as in L- and AL -series, but nominal pressure 16 bar

#### 1.2.4 LS-, ALS- pumps

Agressive, thin, not bigger solid particles containing liquids



- in addition to above mentioned liquids various acids, salts, oxidizing and chemically active organic fluids

## **1.3 Limits of application and use**

Nominal pressure: AE-, AEP-, L-, AL-, ALP- pumps: 10 bar LH-, ALH-, LS- and ALS-pumps: 16 bar Medium temperature range: -10 ... + 90 °C Ambient temperature: 0 ... +40°C (diurnal average max. +35°C)



Suitability of materials and seals for pumped liquid shall be always checked between purchaser and supplier. The nominal pressure and the max. temperature of pumped liquid are stamped on the pump rating plate. Never use the pump in any other application or conditions without manufacturer's acceptance. In the case of damage there may be danger to persons by having poisoning, burns, wounds etc. depending on the pumped liquid and it's temperature and pressure. The pump surface temperature may cause danger depending on the working conditions.

## **1.4 Manufacturer**

This product is manufactured by KOLMEKS OY, P.O.BOX 27, FIN-14201 TURENKI, FINLAND.

## **1.5 Version**

Release date of this manual is 23.02.2015. This is version no. 0.

## 2. Handling, transport and storage of the pump

ATTN!

Normally the pumps are stable when they are transported and don't go down even they are bent 10°. Pumps shall be stored in a dry and cool place protected from dust. Temperature of environment must be in -10 °C ... +50°C. It is not allowed to lift the pump from frequency converter. In the case of longer storage time or the pump serves as a stand-by, it is recommended to rotate the pump manually eg. from the motor fan at least once a month.



## 3. Design and function

## **3.1 Construction**

The pump and motor constitute a unit, where the rotating parts of both the pump and the motor are on the same shaft (mono-block design). The motor is of a dry type and the frequency converter is integrated to the electric motor.

| Electric motor: | Totally enclosed, fan cooled A.C. motor, with frequency converter. |
|-----------------|--|
|                 | Protection form: IP54  |
|                 | Insulating class: F  |

## 3.2 Technical data

| Pump           | Connection | Hz  | Nominal<br>power   | Supply<br>current A | Weight |
|----------------|------------|-----|--------------------|---------------------|--------|
| type           |            | max | P <sub>2n</sub> kW | 1 x 230 V           | kg     |
| AE_/AEP-26/2VS | 1"         | 50  | 0,65               | 3,0                 | 20     |
| AE_/AEP-33/2VS | 1 1/4"     | 65  | 1,1                | 4,0                 | 27     |
| AE_/AEP-33/2VS | 1 1/4"     | 50  | 1,5                | 4,0                 | 38     |
| L32A/2VS       | DN32       | 50  | 0,65               | 3,0                 | 27     |
| L32A/2VS       | DN32       | 60  | 1,1                | 4,0                 | 30     |
| L40A/2VS       | DN40       | 50  | 1,1                | 4,0                 | 32     |
| L40A/2VS       | DN40       | 50  | 1,5                | 4,0                 | 43     |
| L_/LP-50A/4VS  | DN50       | 55  | 0,55               | 2,2                 | 42     |
| L_/LP -50A/4VS | DN50       | 63  | 0,9                | 3,0                 | 42     |
| L_/LP -50B/2VS | DN50       | 50  | 1,1                | 4,0                 | 36     |
| L_/LP -50D/2VS | DN50       | 50  | 2,2                | 7,3                 | 49     |
| L_/LP -50D/2VS | DN50       | 50  | 3,0                | 9,6                 | 55     |
| L65A/4VS       | DN65       | 50  | 0,55               | 2,2                 | 48     |
| L-65A/4VS      | DN65       | 60  | 0,9                | 3,0                 | 48     |
| L65A/4VS       | DN65       | 60  | 1,5                | 4,0                 | 57     |
| L65A/4VS       | DN65       | 65  | 3,0                | 9,6                 | 64     |
| L65B/2VS       | DN65       | 50  | 3,0                | 9,6                 | 64     |
| L65B/2VS       | DN65       | 50  | 4,0                | 11,5                | 72     |
| L65B/2VS       | DN65       | 50  | 5,5                | 14,2                | 96     |
| L65B/2VS       | DN65       | 50  | 7,5                | 20,0                | 104    |

Noise level of all pump types is under 70 dB (A, 1 m). Weight is without transmitter.



| Pump<br>type     | Connection | Hz<br>max | Nominal<br>power<br>P <sub>2n</sub> kW | Supply<br>current A<br>1 x 230 V | Weight<br>kg |
|------------------|------------|-----------|--|----------------------------------|--------------|
| L80A/4VS         | DN80       | 50        | 0,75                                   | 3,0                              | 52           |
| L80A/4VS         | DN80       | 50        | 1,5                                    | 4,0                              | 60           |
| L80A/4VS         | DN80       | 63        | 3,0                                    | 9,6                              | 66           |
| L80A/2VS         | DN80       | 50        | 4,0                                    | 11,5                             | 73           |
| L80A/2VS         | DN80       | 50        | 5,5                                    | 14,2                             | 97           |
| L80A/2VS         | DN80       | 50        | 7,5                                    | 20,0                             | 105          |
| L100S/4VS        | DN100      | 50        | 4,0                                    | 11,5                             | 175          |
| L100S/4VS        | DN100      | 50        | 5,5                                    | 14,2                             | 185          |
| L100S/4VS        | DN100      | 50        | 7,5                                    | 20,0                             | 210          |
| AL_/ALP-1102/4VS | DN100      | 50        | 0,75                                   | 3,0                              | 66           |
| AL_/ALP-1102/4VS | DN100      | 50        | 1,5                                    | 4,0                              | 69           |
| AL_/ALP-1102/4VS | DN100      | 60        | 3,0                                    | 9,6                              | 75           |
| AL_/ALP-1102/2VS | DN100      | 50        | 5,5                                    | 14,2                             | 107          |
| AL_/ALP-1102/2VS | DN100      | 50        | 7,5                                    | 20,0                             | 114          |
| AL1129/4VS       | DN125      | 50        | 4,0                                    | 11,5                             | 174          |
| AL1129/4VS       | DN125      | 50        | 5,5                                    | 14,2                             | 181          |
| AL1129/4VS       | DN125      | 50        | 7,5                                    | 20,0                             | 208          |
| AL1154/4VS       | DN150      | 50        | 7,5                                    | 20,0                             | 221          |



## 3.3 Pump identification

#### Markins for accessories:

T = external mechanical seal for aggressive medium

**PN 10** 

90 °C

Finland D 6307-DDUC4ENS

Ø

**P1** 

N 6307-DDUC3E

1~

- H = flush for mechanical seal
- KT = double mechanical seal
- Sn = different mechanical seal

No 070471.22 2015

Motor KPVS-132E1F19

14.03 l/s

Kn = different surface treatment

Pump L-80A/2VSC (5/10)

25 m

Motor code Impeller size Electrical power at duty point Phases, frequency and duty

Different material of impeller:

SS = Stainless steel AISI316

PM = Bronze CuSn10

Nominal shaft power

Bearing types, CE -marking

## Serial number, Nominal pressure Duty point, Max. medium temperature Motor type Nominal voltage and current Rotating speed range, isolating and enclosure Manufacturer, country of origin

## AL - 1102 / 4 VS B L P - 50 A / 4 VS C

#### **Pump series:**

AE-, L-, AL-

#### Material of pump housing, sealing flange and impeller:

no letter = grey cast iron EN-GJL-200 / 10 bar H = nodular cast iron EN-GJS-400 / 16 bar P = bronze CuSn10 / 10 barS = stainless steel AISI 316 / 16 bar

#### Flange size, DN-size:

20 = 3/4" 25 = 1" 32 = DN 32 40 = DN 4050 = DN 5065 = DN 65 80 = DN 80 110 = DN 100112 = DN125 115 = DN150

#### Poles of the electric motor:

2 = rotation speed 50 r/s (50 Hz) rotation speed 60 r/s (60 Hz)

N151503

50 Hz S1

MEI ≥ 0,4 --.-

mm

kW

r/s

166

4 = rotation speed 25 r/s (50 Hz)rotation speed 30 r/s (60 Hz) rotation speed 31.5 r/s (63 Hz) rotation speed 32.5 r/s (65 Hz)

#### VS = VS - the frequency converter is integrated to the pump:

VSA, VSB, VSC, VSD, VSF, VSG, VSM (check 5.3 Control methods and connections)

(5/10) => VSB ja VSC: 5 = measure range of differential pressure [bar], 10 = measure range of pressure transmitter [bar]

Pump type



## 4. Safety

This manual includes important information concerning installation and operating the pump. Persons who are involved in installation or/and operation of the pump, should read and understand these instructions before installation or starting the pump.



There are live parts inside the frequency converter of the VS -pump, when the supply voltage is connected. Incorrect installation of VS –pump may cause damage to the pump or bodily injuries, even death. Touching the live parts may be mortal even the supply voltage is disconnected. Obey instructions of this manual and national and local requirements and standards.

#### Wait at least 4 minutes!

- installation must be protected by fuses and insulated correctly.

- covers and cable inlets must be installed.

#### ATTN!

It is user's or certified electrician's responsibility to ensure the correct earthing and protection in accordance with applicable national and local requirements and standards.

## 4.1 Safety instructions

1. VS-pump must be disconnected from the mains if repair work is to be carried out. Check that the mains supply has been disconnected and necessary time has passed (at least 10 minutes).

2. The device must be connected correctly to the earth. User must be protected from supply voltage and the pump must be protected from short circuit according to the national and local requirements and standards. The overload protection is included in VS -pump.

3. Earth leakage is more than 3,5 mA. It means, that installation of supply cable must be fixed.

## 4.2 Training

The persons who have responsibility for installing or/and operating the pump, should be trained.

## 4.3 Elements of danger if safety regulations are not obeyed



If the safety regulations are not obeyed, personal injuries or damage to the pump or related devices may occur. Valid safety instructions must be obeyed.

## 4.4 Safety instructions for inspection and assembly

it is user's responsibility to ensure that persons who carry out inspections and installations are qualified experts and familiarized themselves with these instructions carefully.

## 4.5 Operating the pump

Working safety of the delivered pump and related devices can be ensured only if these devices are operated according to the section *1.2 Fields of application* and *1.3 Limits of application* and use of this manual.

## 5. Installation, introduction and start-up

The pump can be installed to the piping without separate supporting.

The position of the motor unit with the frequency converter can be changed by removing the motor unit from the pump housing and setting it to the desired position with certain limitations.

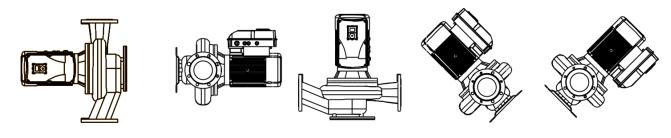
When installing the pump pay attention to the following:

- space enough for service and inspection of the pump
- free visibility to the display of the potentiometer
- free visibility to the rating plate of the pump.
- possibility to use lifting mechanism if needed
- shut-off valves on the both sides of the pump
- the frequency converter is not too close hot pipes.

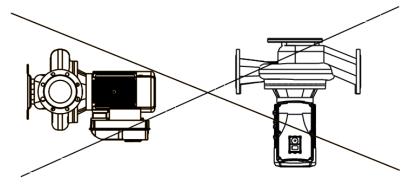


## **5.1 Positions for installation**

#### **Allowed positions**



#### Not allowed positions



## **5.2 Electrical connections**



All electrical work shall be carried out by qualified electrician approved by the local authorities. Supply voltage may be connected with standard cable, Screened cable is not required. Ensure the nominal voltage of the electric motor corresponds the local supply voltage.

ATTN!

Use always Screened control cables.

Before starting the pump fill and vent the system. Make sure that the pump rotates freely by rotating it manually eg. from the motor fan. Never start or let the pump run dry. The warranty doesn't cover failures in the mechanical seal caused by dry running. Before starting the pump fill and vent the system. After starting make sure that there is no extra noise coming from the pump and that no leakages appear.



## **5.3 Control methods and connections**

### 5.3.1 I/O's and Kolmeks Factory Defaults of the VS-pump (inputs and outputs)

| Terminal   |              | Signal                                 | Kolmeks Factory Defaul  |  |  |
|--|--------------|--|---|--|--|
| A RS485 Serial -   |              | Serial -                               |   |  |  |
| В  | RS485        | Serial +                               |   |  |  |
| 1  | +10Vref      | +10 V reference voltage                |   |  |  |
| 2  | Al1+         | Analogue input 1 voltage or<br>current | A-, B- and C-versions: Current (SW 2 +<br>P3.1) D- and G-versions: Voltage (SW2<br>+ P.3.1) |  |  |
| 3  | AI1-<br>/GND | Al1-                                   |   |  |  |
| 6  | 24Vout       | +24 V, loadability 100mA               |   |  |  |
| 7  | DIN<br>COM   | Digital input common                   |   |  |  |
| 8  | DI1          | Digital input 1                        | Run / Stop (P4.1 - P4.18) *   |  |  |
| 9  | DI2          | Digital input 2                        | PID-Controller (P4.1 - P4.18) *   |  |  |
| 10   | DI3          | Digital input 3                        | Preset speed, 40 Hz (P4.1 - P4.18) *  |  |  |
| 4 AI2+ /   |              | Analogue input 2 voltage or<br>current | Current (SW 3 + P3.5)   |  |  |
| 5  | AI2-<br>/GND | AI2-                                   |   |  |  |
| 13   | DO1-         | Digital output -                       |   |  |  |
| 14   | DI4          | Digital input 4                        | Not in use(P4.1 - P4.18) *  |  |  |
| 15   | DI5          | Digital input 5                        | Fault reset (P4.1 - P4.18) *  |  |  |
| 16   | DI6          | Digital input 6                        | NC External fault (P4.1 - P4.18) *  |  |  |
| 18   | AO1+         | Analogue output                        | Output Frequency 0 - fmax , 0 - 10V (P6.1)  |  |  |
| 20   | DO1+         | Digital output +                       | Not in use  |  |  |
| *) Parameter group 4 operations are activated by choosing digital inputs with parameters<br>4.1 - 4.18 |              |  |   |  |  |

| 6b |       |  |  |  |  |  |
|----|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
|    | +24 V |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | +24 V |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | +24 V |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | +24 V |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | +24 V |  |  |  |  |  |

| 22 | RO1/2 | Relay output 1 |       |
|----|-------|----------------|-------|
| 23 | RO1/3 |                | Run   |
| 24 | RO2/1 | Relay output 2 |       |
| 25 | RO2/2 |                | Fault |
| 26 | RO2/3 | L              |       |



| Dip switch | Operation  | Factory Default  |
|------------|--|--|
| SW 1       | Digital input COM (terminal 7) can be<br>isolated from GND by setting SW1 to<br>position "1"   | SW1 = 0  |
| SW 2       | Analogue input 1 operation mode<br>selection either to current or voltage.<br>When the switch is in position "0", Al1<br>operates as current input (0/4-20 mA).<br>When the switch is in position "1", Al1<br>operates as voltage input(0-10V)   | SW2 = 0 A,- B- and C-versions<br>SW2 = 1 D- and G-versions |
| SW 3       | Analogue input 2 operation mode<br>selection either to current or voltage.<br>When the switch is in position "0", Al2<br>operates as current input (0/4-20 mA).<br>When the switch is in position "1", Al2<br>operates as voltage input(0-10V)   | SW3 = 0  |
| SW 4       | The Switch SW4 is related to RS485<br>connection, It's used for bus<br>termination. The bus termination must<br>be set to the first an last device on the<br>network. The switch SW4 in position<br>"0" means that termination resistance<br>is connected and the termination of the<br>bus has been set. If the VS-pump is<br>the last device on the net, this switch<br>must be set to "0" position. | SW4 = 0  |



#### 5.3.2 VS-pump monitoring parameters

While VS-pump is running following frequency converter actual values can be seen from frequency converter 'M'-menu.

|       | Мо  | nitoring p | arame | eters ('M'-menu):                      |  |  |  |
|-------|---|------------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Code  | Code Monitoring value Unit ID Description |            |       |  |  |  |  |
| V1.1  | Output frequency                          | Hz         | 1     |  |  |  |  |
| V1.2  | Frequency reference                       | Hz         | -     | Frequency reference to motor control   |  |  |  |
| V1.3  | Motor shaft speed                         | rpm        | 2     |  |  |  |  |
| V1.4  | Motor Current                             | A          | 3     |  |  |  |  |
| V1.5  | Motor Torque                              | %          | 4     | Calculated shaft torque                |  |  |  |
| V1.6  | Motor Power                               | %          | 5     | Total power consumption of AC drive    |  |  |  |
| V1.7  | Motor Voltage                             | V          | 6     |  |  |  |  |
| V1.8  | Motor temperature                         | %          | 9     | Calculated motor temperature           |  |  |  |
| V1.9  | DC-link Voltage                           | V          | 7     |  |  |  |  |
| V1.10 | Unit temperature                          | °C         | 8     | Heatsink temperature                   |  |  |  |
|       | Board temperature                         | °C         |       | Power board temperature                |  |  |  |
|       | Analogue input 1                          | %          |       | Analogue input Al1                     |  |  |  |
| V1.13 | Analogue input 2                          | %          | 14    | Analogue input Al2                     |  |  |  |
| V1.14 | Exp. Analogue input                       | %          | 1837  | Analogue input on OPTB4                |  |  |  |
| V1.15 | Analogue output                           | %          | 26    | Analogue output                        |  |  |  |
| V1.16 | Exp. Analogue out 1                       | %          | 1838  | Analogue output 1 on OPTB4-BF          |  |  |  |
| V1.17 | Exp. Analogue out 2                       | %          | 1839  | Analogue output 2 on OPTB4             |  |  |  |
| V1.18 | DI1, DI2, DI3                             |            | 15    | Digital inputs status                  |  |  |  |
| V1.19 | DI4, DI5, DI6                             |            | 16    | Digital inputs status                  |  |  |  |
| V1.20 | DI7, DI8, DI9                             |            | 1835  | Digital inputs on OPTB1 status         |  |  |  |
| V1.21 | DI10, DI11, DI12                          |            | 1836  | Digital inputs on OPTB1 status         |  |  |  |
| V1.21 | R01, R02, D0                              |            | 17    | Digital outputs status                 |  |  |  |
| V1.23 | EO1, EO2, EO3, EO4                        |            | 1852  | Expansion board digital outputs status |  |  |  |
| V1.24 | Process variable                          |            | 29    | Scaled process variable. See P7.10     |  |  |  |
| V1.25 | PID setpoint                              | %          | 20    | PID controller setpoint                |  |  |  |
| V1.26 | PID error value                           | %          | 22    | PID controller error                   |  |  |  |
| V1.27 | PID feedback                              | %          | 21    | PID controller actual value            |  |  |  |
| V1.28 | PID output                                | %          | 23    | PID controller output                  |  |  |  |
| V1.29 | Temperature sensor 1                      | °C or °K   | 1860  | OPTBH sensor 1                         |  |  |  |
| V1.30 | Temperature sensor 2                      | °C or °K   | 1861  | OPTBH sensor 2                         |  |  |  |
| V1.31 | Temperature sensor 3                      | °C or °K   | 1862  | OPTBH sensor 3                         |  |  |  |
| V1.32 | ASi board state                           |            | 1894  | OPTBK state                            |  |  |  |

**NOTE!** All monitoring parameters may not be visible, if option board isn't connected or PID-controller is disactivated (Digital input 2)



#### 5.3.3 VSA-pump – speed reference from the display

#### Applications

Systems, where the duty point remains constant and where is no need for continuous automated regulation.

#### Accessories

Pump and frequency converter.

#### **Operation principle**

The speed of electric motor can be adjusted manually at the site during commissioning of the pump. The pump will run with constant speed. The required speed is selected by pushing button *BACK/RESET-button* until can be selected either '*R*', '*M*', '*P*' or 'S'. From these is selected '*R*' (=Reference) and pressed 'OK'. Frequency reference is selected with Arrow-buttons and confirmed by pushing 'OK' –button. While pump is running, frequency converter actual values can be researched from '*M*'-menu (=Monitoring)

#### Pump curve

QH-curve of the pump is equal with that of single speed pump.

#### Standard control connections (see ANNEX 8.1 VSA-wiring diagram)

#### 5.3.4 VSB-pump – constant pressure between the pump flanges

#### Applications

Systems, where are variations in the flow and where pressure losses are generated mainly on the consumption equipment. Heating circulation, where the pressure loss on the heat equipment is small.

#### Accessories

Pump, frequency converter, 2 pcs of pressure transmitters installed to the pump flanges.

#### **Operation principle and flow adjustment**

The level of the constant pressure difference between the pump flanges can be adjusted by the controller of frequency converter (parameter P.12.2). By pushing button *BACK/RESET-button* until can be selected either '*R*', '*M*', '*P*' or 'S'. From these is selected '*P*' (=Parameters) and pressed '*OK*'. With Arrow-buttons is searched parameter P.12.2. By pushing '*OK* –button, appears value of the parameter P12.2 to the display which is reference for PI –controller (constant differential pressure). The required reference value can be adjusted by the *Up*- and *Down*-arrow buttons. It is saved by pushing '*OK*' –button. Value is percents of max. measuring value. For Example when using 10 bar Pressure Transmitters the Pressure Difference 5 bars = 100 %. With 6 bar Transmitters the difference 3 bars = 100% and so on. After the set point is saved, by pushing button *BACK/RESET*-button twice, starting situation is achieved. While pump is running, frequency converter actual values can be researched from '*M*'-menu (=Monitoring)



#### Pump curve

QH-curve of the pump is controlled to a horizontal line, which is suitable for systems with low pressure loss share in heat exchanger compared to the total pressure loss.

Standard control connections (see ANNEX 8.2 VSB-wiring diagram)

#### 5.3.5 VSC-pump - constant pressure in between inlet- and outlet-line

#### Applications

Systems, where are variations in the flow and where pressure losses are generated mainly on the source of heat equipment. Heating and cooling circulations and the pressure boosting of parellel circulations.

#### Accessories

Pump, frequency converter and 2 pcs of pressure transmitters. Another transmitter to be installed to the suction or pressure flange of the pump and another one on to the system inlet or outlet pipe.

#### Operation principle and flow adjustment

The level of the constant pressure difference between the inlet and outlet line can be adjusted by the controller of frequency converter (parameter P.12.2). By pushing button *BACK/RESET-button* until can be selected either *'R', 'M', 'P'* or *'S'*. From these is selected *'P'* (=Parameters) and pressed *'OK'*. With Arrow-buttons is searched parameter P.12.2. By pushing *'OK'* –button, appears value of the parameter P12.2 to the display which is reference for PI –controller (constant differential pressure). The required reference value can be adjusted by the *Up-* and *Down-*arrow buttons. It is saved by pushing *'OK'* –button. Value is percents of max. measuring value. For Example when using 10 bar Pressure Transmitters the Pressure Difference 5 bars = 100 %. With 6 bar Transmitters the difference 3 bars = 100% and so on. After the set point is saved, by pushing button *BACK/RESET*-button twice, starting situation is achieved. While pump is running, frequency converter actual values can be researched from *'M'-*menu (=Monitoring)

#### Pump curve

QH-curve of the pump is controlled to a quadratic. The relation of pressure loss in the source of heat (cold) to the loss in the system defines the shape of the curve. When the losses in the heat exchanger are large part of the whole losses in the system the curve is more steep.

#### Standard control connections (see ANNEX 8.3 VSC-wiring diagram)



#### 5.3.6 VSD-pump - constant pressure in discharge (pressure boosting)

#### Applications

Pressure boosting or other open systems, where constant pressure is required.

#### Accessories

Pump, frequency converter and pressure transmitter. The pressure transmitter is installed to the pressure flange of the pump or near to the consumption in the pipe line.

#### **Operation principle**

The level of the constant pressure in discharge can be adjusted by the controller of frequency converter (parameter P.12.2). By pushing button *BACK/RESET-button* until can be selected either '*R*', '*M*', '*P*' or 'S'. From these is selected '*P*' (=Parameters) and pressed '*OK*. With Arrow-buttons is searched parameter P.12.2. By pushing '*OK* –button, appears value of the parameter P12.2 to the display which is reference for PI –controller (constant pressure). The required reference value can be adjusted by the *Up*- and *Down*-arrow buttons. It is saved by pushing '*OK* –button. Value is percents of max. measuring value (mentioned in transducer). After the set point is saved, by pushing button *BACK/RESET*-button twice, starting situation is achieved. While pump is running, frequency converter actual values can be researched from '*M*'-menu (=Monitoring)

#### Standard control connections (see ANNEX 8.6 VSD-wiring diagram)

#### 5.3.7 VSF-pump - constant temperature

#### Applications

Heating and cooling systems, where the constant temperature is required by adjusting the flow.

#### Accessories

Pump, frequency converter and temperature transmitter (and sensor).

#### **Operation principle**

The level of the constant temperature can be adjusted by the controller of frequency converter (parameter P.12.2). By pushing button *BACK/RESET-button* until can be selected either '*R*', '*M*', '*P*' or 'S'. From these is selected '*P*' (=Parameters) and pressed '*OK*'. With Arrow-buttons is searched parameter P.12.2. By pushing '*OK*' –button, appears value of the parameter P12.2 to the display which is reference for PI –controller (constant temperature). The required reference value can be adjusted by the *Up*- and *Down*-arrow buttons. It is saved by pushing '*OK*' –button. Value is percents of max. measuring value (mentioned in transducer). After the set point is saved, by pushing button *BACK/RESET*-button twice, starting situation is achieved. While pump is running, frequency converter actual values can be researched from '*M*'-menu (=Monitoring)

**ATTENTION!** When ordering the pump, the response of the control must be informed. In the heating system the response is normal, in the cooling system inverse. *Normal*, the pumping goes down, when the temperature (feedback) goes up, *inverse*, the pumping goes up, when the temperature (feedback) goes up (par. P.12.10 => normal = 0, inverse = 1).

#### Standard control connections (see ANNEX 8.7 VSF-wiring diagram)



#### 5.3.8 VSG-pump - controlled by external system

#### Applications

Systems, where are variations in the flow and/or where the flow is controlled mainly with the pump. The pump is controlled by an external system or controller.

#### Accessories

Pump and frequency converter.

#### **Operation principle**

The speed reference for pumps is given to Analogue input 1 (0-10 V) from external control system, external controller, process control, etc

ATTENTION!! If the external control system is not in use when pumping is neededFrequency reference source must be changed; Parameter P.1.12 is changed  $0 \rightarrow 4$ . After the change Frequency reference is set as in 5.3.3 VSA-pump – speed reference from the display.

#### Standard control connections (see ANNEX 8.8 VSG-wiring diagram - with external controller in use)

#### 5.3.9 VSM-pump - controlled by MODBUS RTU -bus connection

#### Applications

Systems, where are variations in the flow and/or where the flow is controlled mainly with the pump. The pump is controlled by an external system or controller.

#### Accessories

Pump and frequency converter.

#### **Operation principle**

All control, adjusting and indications are taken care with MODBUS RTU -bus connections.

#### Standard control connections (see ANNEX 8.9 VSM-wiring diagram - MODBUS RTU -bus connection)

#### 5.3.10 Local Control Panel

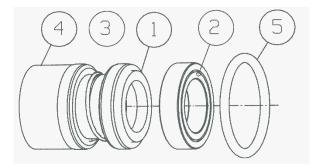
The VS -pump optionally features a separate cable connected Local Control Panel, which makes up the complete interface for operation and monitoring of the VS -pump. If the pump is located such as the display is hard to see, it helps the parameterizing of the frequency converter.



## 6. Service, spare parts and troubleshooting

The pump doesn't need any regular servicing. As a shaft seal is used an adjustment free mechanical seal. It is a wearing part which has to be replaced if it starts to leak. Note that few drops leakage per hour can be quite normal especially when coolants (eg. glycol) are pumped.

## 6.1 Shaft seals



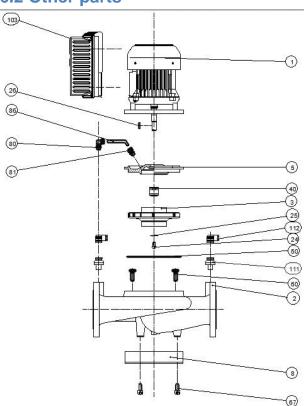
| Pump type                | Shaft<br>mm | O-ring<br>mm |
|--------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| AE25/-26 VS_             | 12          | 123x2,5      |
| L32A VS_                 | 12          | 100x2,5      |
| L40A, AE32/-33 VS_       | 12          | 145x2,5      |
| L50A VS_                 | 12          | 150x3        |
| L65A, L80A, AL -1102 VS_ | 18          | 179,3x5,7    |
| L100S VS_                | 32          | 315x6,3      |
| AL1129 VS_               | 32          | 309/295 x 1  |
| AL1154 VS_               | 32          | 309/295 x 1  |

- 1 Rotating ring
- 2 Stationary ring
- 3 Body / bellows
- 4 Spring
- 5 O-ring

The motor is equipped with ball bearings which are lubricated for life and therefore do not need any service. In the case of any motor malfunction it is recommended to replace the whole motor unit.

Subject to change without prior notice.

## 6.2 Other parts



1 Electric motor 2 Pump housing 3 Impeller **5** Sealing flange 8 Foot (not always) 24 VSrew or nut 25 Washer 26 Key 40 Shaft seal 50 O-ring or gasket 60 VSrew or nut 67 VSrew 80 Pipe union (L- and ALH -serie) 81 Pipe union (L- and ALH -serie) 86 Cooling pipe (L- and ALH -serie) **103 Frequency converter** 111 Transmitter quick connector(VSB, VSC, VSD) 112 Transmitter(s) for pressure, pressure difference or temperature (VSB, VSC, VSD, VSF)

#### ATTN!

WHEN ORDERING SPARE PARTS, PLEASE SPECIFY THE TYPE IDENTIFICATION, SERIAL NUMBER, THE SIZE OF THE IMPELLER, THE MOTOR TYPE AND POWER AND THE POSITION NUMBER OF THE SPARE PART.





## 6.3 Troubleshooting

| Trouble  | Fault   | Fixing  |
|--|---|---|
| Shaft seal is leaking.                                     | Wearing.  | Change the seal.  |
|  | Pump has run dry.   | Change the seal.  |
| Pump doesn't<br>run.                                       | The shaft of the pump is blocked.   | Check the free rotation of the shaft by<br>turning the motor fan. If required, loosen<br>the motor unit from the pump housing and<br>repair the cause of the block. |
|  | Fuses have worked.  | Repair the cause of the fault. Change the fuses. If necessary, call the expert.   |
|  | No electricity.   | Check and repair connections. If necessary, call the expert.  |
|  | The disorder has stopped the pump.  | Reset the pump by disconnecting the supply voltage at least for 10 seconds.   |
|  | Control wiring is not correct.  | Check the wiring in accordance with the control diagram. Between terminals PC-STF must be jumpered or closed switch.  |
|  | The parametres of the frequency<br>converter are changed or the pump is<br>stopped with local control panel.              | Correct the parameters or start the pump<br>with the local control panel (not included<br>in standard delivery). If necessary, call the<br>expert.                  |
|  | The frequency converter or electric motor is damaged.   | Replace the frequency converter and/or electric motor with a new one. Contact to Kolmeks.   |
| ATTN!  | If the pump is operated when<br>cover of the frequency converter<br>is open, the special carefulness<br>must be observed. |   |
| Pump stops by<br>itself or runs<br>irregular and<br>noisy. | The supply voltage is defective. One phase is possible missing.   | Check the supply voltage. Check and repair fuses and connections of the cables.   |
|  | The frequency converter or electric motor is damaged.   | Replace the complete motor unit with frequency converter with a new one. Contact to Kolmeks.  |
|  |   |   |



| Trouble  | Fault   | Fixing  |
|--|---|---|
| The pump is running<br>with minimum<br>frequency.  | The reference value is missing or<br>in minimum.  | Adjust the correct value with the<br>buttons of the local control panel (if<br>intention to use the local reference<br>as source of the reference). Check<br>and correct the reference if the<br>reference is given by external<br>controller.                    |
|  | The pipes of the pressure or<br>differential pressure transducer are<br>blocked or incorrectly<br>connected.                                      | Check and repair the connections<br>and blockings of the pipes. Open<br>the possible valves, which are<br>installed to the pipes.   |
|  | The signal of the feedback<br>transmitter (pressure or<br>temperature) is too high.<br>Possible short circuit.                                    | Disconnect the cable from the<br>transmitter, the speed should<br>increase, if there is a fault in<br>transmitter or the signal (not VSF<br>cooling system). Check the<br>connections, transmitter. If<br>necessary, replace the transmitter<br>with the new one. |
|  | The mechanical or electrical<br>connections of the temperature<br>transmitter of the VSF -pump are<br>incorrect or the transmitter<br>is damaged. | Check and repair of the connections or the transmitter.   |
|  | Parameters of the VSF -pump are<br>wrong (cooling and heating pumps<br>have different parameters)   | Check and correct the parameters.<br>If necessary, call the expert.   |
|  | VSB or VSC –pump: The lower<br>pressure transmitter gives the full<br>signal (20 mA) or the higher<br>pressure transmitter gives no<br>signal.    | Check the connections and<br>transmitters. Measure the signals<br>of the transmitter and if needed,<br>change the transmitter.  |
| The pump is running only with<br>the maximum frequency, which<br>don't vary in accordance with<br>the requirements of flow<br>changes. | Reference signal is too high.   | Adjust the correct value with the<br>buttons of the local control panel (if<br>intention to use the local reference<br>as source of the reference). Check<br>and correct the reference if the<br>reference is given by external<br>controller.                    |
|  | Feedback transmitter is missing or<br>the signal is wrong   | Check and repair the feedback<br>signal and/or<br>connections. If necessary, replace<br>the transmitter<br>with the new one.  |



|                               | The pipes of the pressure or<br>differential pressure transducer are<br>blocked or incorrectly connected. | Check and repair the connections<br>and blockings of the pipes. Open<br>the valves, which may be installed<br>to the pipes. |
|-------------------------------|---|---|
| Trouble                       | Fault   | Fixing  |
| The pump is running only with | The mechanical or electrical  | Check and repair of the   |
| the maximum frequency, which  | connections of the temperature  | connections or the transmitter.   |
| don't vary in accordance with | transmitter of the VSF -pump are  |   |
| the requirements of flow      | incorrect or the transmitter is   |   |
| changes.                      | damaged.  |   |
|                               | Parameters of the VSF -pump are   | Check and correct the parameters  |
|                               | wrong. (cooling and heating pumps   | with the local control panel. If  |
|                               | have different parameters)  | necessary, call the expert.   |
|                               | The maximum speed is required by  | Check the adjustments and the   |
|                               | the system.   | need of the pumping in the system.  |
|                               |   | Balance the parallel circulations. It   |
|                               |   | can be the normal situation, then   |
|                               |   | there is no need for any further  |
|                               |   | measures. Solve the actual rotation   |
|                               |   | speed by measuring or with the  |
|                               |   | local control panel. Contact to   |
|                               |   | Kolmeks. Maximum frequency is   |
|                               |   | not allowed to change (factory default).  |
|                               | VSB or VSC –pump: The higher  | Check the connections and   |
|                               | pressure transmitter gives the full   | transmitters. Measure the signals   |
|                               | signal (20 mA) or the lower   | of the transmitter and if needed,   |
|                               | pressure transmitter gives no signal.   | change the transmitter.   |
|                               |   |   |

| Trouble                  | Fault  | Fixing   |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| The pump is not pumping. | There is air in the pump or the system.          | Deairate the system. Fill the pumps<br>and the pipes with the fluid. Try to<br>run the pump a moment with the<br>high speed, then possible air<br>pockets leave the system easier. |
|                          | The suction pressure is too low.                 | Increase the suction pressure.   |
|                          | Circulation is closed with the valves.           | Open the valves.   |
| The pump is noisy.       | Cavitation.                                      | Increase the suction pressure.<br>Decrease the flow.   |
|                          | The pressure difference of the pump is too high. | Decrease the pressure reference. If possible, open the control valves  |



|                                     | and decrease the pressure            |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
|                                     | reference, then the head of the      |
|                                     | pump is lower and the flow remains   |
|                                     | the same.                            |
| There is a faulty shaft seal or     | Continuous rough noise refers to     |
| bearings.                           | the faulty bearings. High noise, few |
|                                     | seconds long, occasionally refers    |
|                                     | to the faulty shaft seal. Replace    |
|                                     | faulty bearings and shaft seal with  |
|                                     | the new ones. If necessary, contact  |
|                                     | Kolmeks.                             |
| Electrical noise from the frequency | Replace the motor with the new       |
| converter or electric motor.        | one. If necessary, correct the       |
|                                     | parameters of the frequency          |
|                                     | converter. Contact                   |
|                                     | Kolmeks.                             |



Push MODE –button twice. To the display appears the last 8 alarms. The last one is E.xxx. If there is no alarms, there is E\_\_0 in the display.

## 6.5 Alarm and fault codes

| Fault<br>code | Fault name     | Subcode | Possible cause  | Remedy  |  |
|---------------|----------------|---------|---|---|--|
| 1             | Overcurrent    |         | AC drive has detected too high a<br>current (>4*I <sub>H</sub> ) in the motor cable:<br>• sudden heavy load increase<br>• short circuit in motor cables<br>• unsuitable motor   | Check loading.<br>Check motor.<br>Check cables and connections.<br>Make identification run.<br>Check ramp times.  |  |
| 2             | Overvoltage    |         | <ul> <li>The DC-link voltage has exceeded<br/>the limits defined.</li> <li>too short a deceleration<br/>time</li> <li>brake chopper is disabled</li> <li>high overvoltage spikes in<br/>supply</li> <li>Start/Stop sequence too fast</li> </ul> | Make deceleration time longer.<br>Use brake chopper or brake<br>resistor (available as options).<br>Activate overvoltage controller.<br>Check input voltage.                  |  |
| 3             | Earth fault    |         | Current measurement has<br>detected that the sum of motor<br>phase current is not zero.<br>• insulation failure in cables<br>or motor   | Check motor cables and motor.   |  |
|               |                | 84      | MPI communication crc error   | Reset the fault and restart.<br>Should the fault re-occur, con-<br>tact the distributor near to you.  |  |
|               |                | 89      | HMI receives buffer overflow  | Check PC-drive cable.<br>Try to reduce ambient noise  |  |
|               | 8 System Fault | 90      | Modbus receives buffer overflow   | Check Modbus specifications for<br>time-out.<br>Check cable length.<br>Reduce ambient noise.<br>Check baudrate.   |  |
| 8             |                | 93      | Power identification error  | Try to reduce ambient noise.<br>Reset the fault and restart.<br>Should the fault re-occur, con-<br>tact the distributor near to you.  |  |
|               |                |         | 97  | MPI off line error  | Reset the fault and restart.<br>Should the fault re-occur, con-<br>tact the distributor near to you. |
|               |                | 98      | MPI driver error  | Reset the fault and restart.<br>Should the fault re-occur, con-<br>tact the distributor near to you.  |  |
|               |                | 99      | Option board driver error   | Check contact in option board<br>slot<br>Try to reduce ambient noise;<br>Reset the fault and restart.<br>Should the fault re-occur, con-<br>tact the distributor near to you. |  |



| Fault<br>code | Fault name   | Subcode | Possible cause                          | Remedy  |
|---------------|--------------|---------|---|---|
|               |              | 100     | Option board configuration error        | Check contact in option board<br>slot<br>Try to reduce ambient noise;<br>Should the fault re-occur, con-<br>tact the distributor near to you.   |
|               |              | 101     | Modbus buffer overflow                  | Check Modbus specifications for<br>time-out.<br>Check cable length.<br>Reduce ambient noise.<br>Check baudrate.                                 |
|               |              | 104     | Option board channel full               | Check contacts in option board<br>slot.<br>Try to reduce ambient noise.<br>Should the fault re-occur, con-<br>tact the distributor near to you. |
|               |              | 105     | Option board memory allocation<br>fail  | Check contacts in option board<br>slot.<br>Try to reduce ambient noise.<br>Should the fault re-occur, con-<br>tact the distributor near to you. |
| 8             | System Fault | 106     | Option board Object queue full          | Check contacts in option board<br>slot.<br>Try to reduce ambient noise.<br>Should the fault re-occur, con-<br>tact the distributor near to you. |
|               |              | 107     | Option board HMI queue full             | Check contacts in option board<br>slot.<br>Try to reduce ambient noise.<br>Should the fault re-occur, con-<br>tact the distributor near to you. |
|               |              | 108     | Option board SPI queue full             | Check contacts in option board<br>slot.<br>Try to reduce ambient noise.<br>Should the fault re-occur, con-<br>tact the distributor near to you. |
|               |              |         | Parameter copy error                    | Check if parameter set is com-<br>patible with drive.<br>Do not remove Keypad until copy<br>is finished.  |
|               |              | 113     | Frequency detective timer over-<br>flow | Check keypad contacts.<br>Try to reduce ambient noise.<br>Should the fault re-occur, con-<br>tact the distributor near to you.                  |
|               |              | 114     | PC control time out fault               | Do not close Vacon Live when<br>PC control is active.<br>Check PC-Drive cable.<br>Try to reduce ambient noise.                                  |
|               |              | 115     | DeviceProperty data format              | Reset the fault and restart.<br>Should the fault re-occur, con-<br>tact the distributor near to you.  |



| Fault<br>code | Fault name                   | Subcode | Possible cause   | Remedy  |
|---------------|------------------------------|---------|--|---|
| 8             | System Fault                 | 120     | Task stack overflow  | Reset the fault and restart.<br>Should the fault re-occur, con-<br>tact the distributor near to you.  |
| 9             | Undervoltage                 |         | <ul> <li>DC-link voltage is under the voltage limits defined.</li> <li>most probable cause: too low a supply voltage</li> <li>AC drive internal fault</li> <li>defect input fuse</li> <li>external charge switch not closed</li> </ul> <b>NOTE!</b> This fault is activated only if the drive is in Run state. | In case of temporary supply<br>voltage break reset the fault and<br>restart the AC drive. Check the<br>supply voltage. If it is adequate,<br>an internal failure has occurred.<br>Contact the distributor near to<br>you.                           |
| 10            | Input phase                  |         | Input line phase is missing.   | Check supply voltage, fuses and<br>cable.   |
| 11            | Output phase                 |         | Current measurement has detected that there is no current in one motor phase.  | Check motor cables and motor.   |
| 13            | AC drive<br>undertemperature |         | Too low temperature measured in<br>power unit's heatsink or board.<br>Heatsink temperature is under -<br>10°C.   | Check the ambient tempera-<br>ture.   |
| 14            | AC drive<br>overtemperature  |         | Too high temperature measured in<br>power unit's heatsink or board.<br>Heatsink temperature is over<br>100°C.  | Check the correct amount and<br>flow of cooling air.<br>Check the heatsink for dust.<br>Check the ambient tempera-<br>ture.<br>Make sure that the switching<br>frequency is not too high in rela-<br>tion to ambient temperature and<br>motor load. |
| 15            | Motor stalled                |         | Motor is stalled.  | Check motor and load.<br>Insufficient motor power, check<br>motor stall protection parame-<br>trization.  |
| 16            | Motor<br>overtemperature     |         | Motor is overloaded.   | Decrease motor load.<br>If no motor overload exists,<br>check the temperature model<br>parameters.  |
| 17            | Motor underload              |         | Motor is under loaded  | Check load. Check underload<br>protection parametrization.  |
| 19            | Power overload               |         | Supervision for drive power  | Drive power is to high: decrease load.  |
| 25            | Watchdog                     |         | Error in the microprocessor moni-<br>toring<br>Malfunction<br>Component fault  | Reset the fault and restart.<br>If the fault occurs again, please<br>contact your closest Vacon rep-<br>resentative.  |
| 27            | Back EMF                     |         | Protection of unit when starting with rotating motor   | Reset the fault and restart.<br>Should the fault re-occur, con-<br>tact the distributor near to you.  |

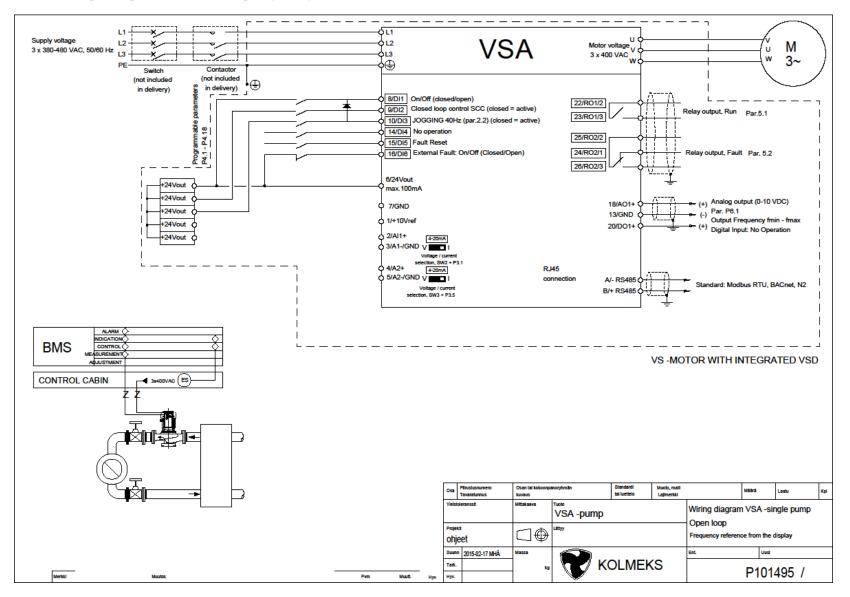


| Fault<br>code | Fault name                    | Subcode | Possible cause  | Remedy  |
|---------------|-------------------------------|---------|---|---|
| 30            | STO fault                     |         | Safe torque off signal does not<br>allow drive to be set as ready   | Reset the fault and restart.<br>Should the fault re-occur, con-<br>tact the distributor near to you.  |
|               | Application                   | 0       | Firmware Interface version<br>between Application and Control<br>not matching   | Load a compatible application.<br>Please contact your closest<br>Vacon representative.  |
| 35            | Application<br>error          | 1       | Application software flash error  | Reload Application  |
|               |                               | 2       | Application header error  | Load a compatible application.<br>Please contact your closest<br>Vacon representative.  |
| 41            | IGBT temp                     |         | IGBT temperature (UnitTempera-<br>ture + I2T) too high  | Check loading.<br>Check motor size.<br>Make identification run.   |
| 50            | 4 mA fault<br>(Analog input)  |         | Selected signal range: 420 mA<br>(see Application Manual)<br>Current less than 4 mA<br>Signal line broken detached<br>The signal source is faulty | Check the analog input's current source and circuit.  |
| 51            | External fault                |         | Error message on digital input.<br>The digital input was programmed<br>as an input for external error mes-<br>sages. The input is active.         | Check the programming and<br>check the device indicated by<br>the error message.<br>Check the cabling for the<br>respective device as well. |
| 52            | Keypad Communication<br>fault |         | The connection between the con-<br>trol keypad and the frequency con-<br>verter is broken.  | Check keypad connection and<br>keypad cable.  |
| 53            | Fieldbus communication fault  |         | The data connection between the<br>fieldbus master and fieldbus board<br>is broken  | Check installation and fieldbus master.   |
| 54            | Fieldbus Interface error      |         | Defective option board or slot  | Check board and slot.   |
| 55            | Wrong run command             |         | Wrong run alarm and stop com-<br>mand   | Run forward and backward are activated at the same time   |
| 56            | Temperature                   |         | Temperature fault   | Board OPTBH is installed and<br>measured temperature is above<br>(or below) the limit   |
| 57            | Identification                |         | Identification alarm  | Motor identification has not<br>been successfully completed   |
| 63            | Quick Stop                    |         | Quick Stop activated  | The drive has been stopped with<br>Quick Stop digital input or Quick<br>Stop command by fieldbus  |



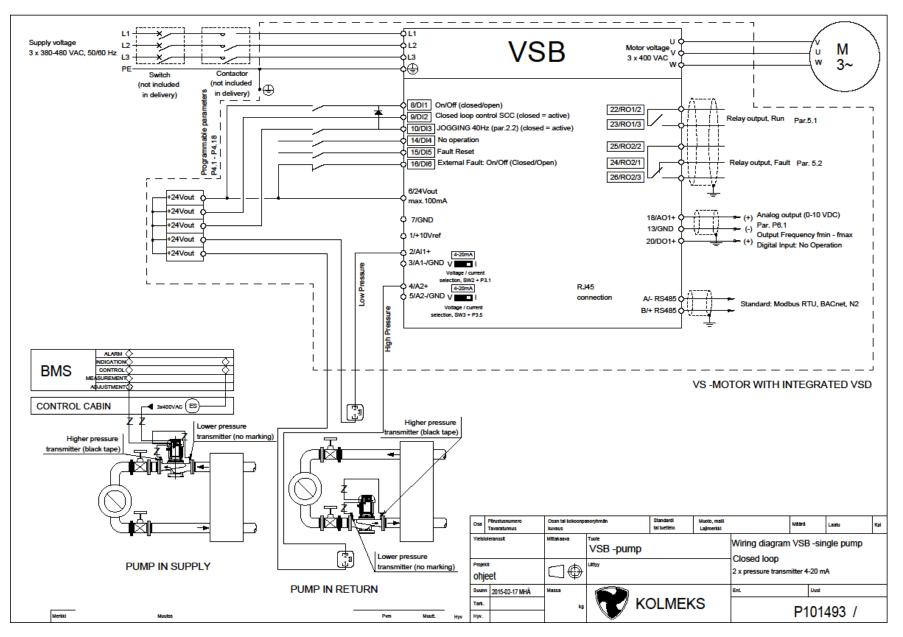
## 8. Annex

## 8.1 Wiring diagram VSA-single pump



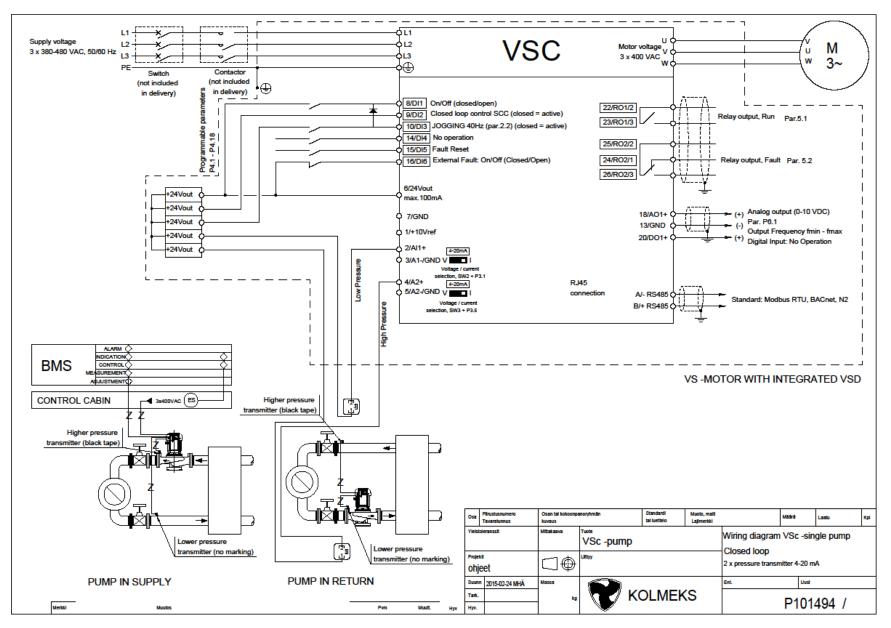


## 8.2 Wiring diagram VSB-single pump



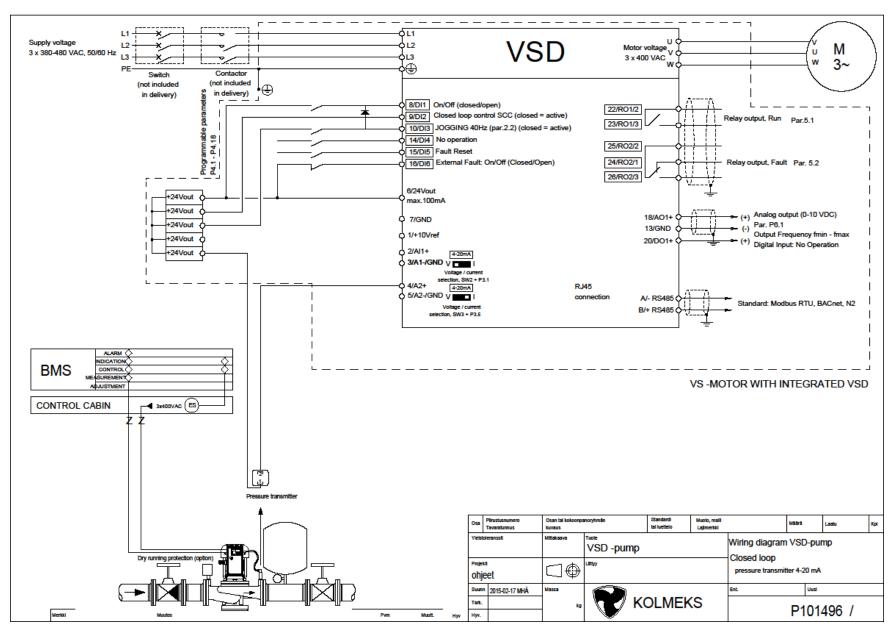


## 8.3 Wiring diagram VSC-single pump



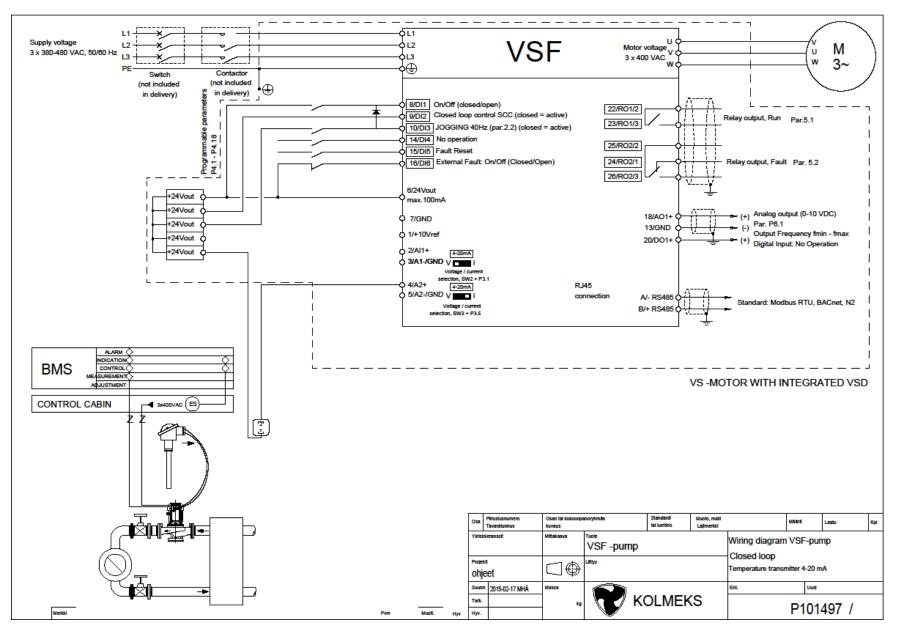


## 8.4 Wiring diagram VSD-single pump

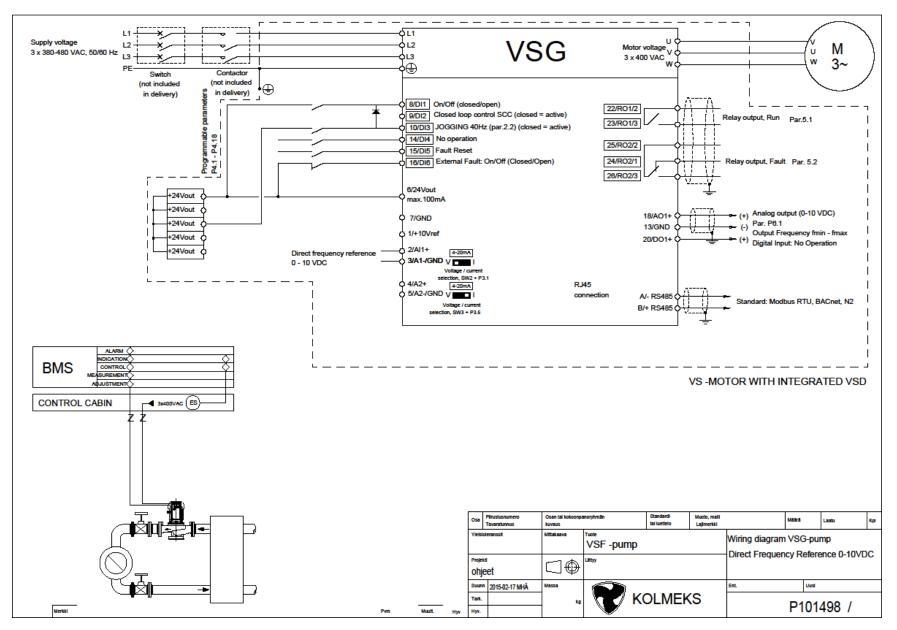




## 8.5 Wiring diagram VSF-single pump

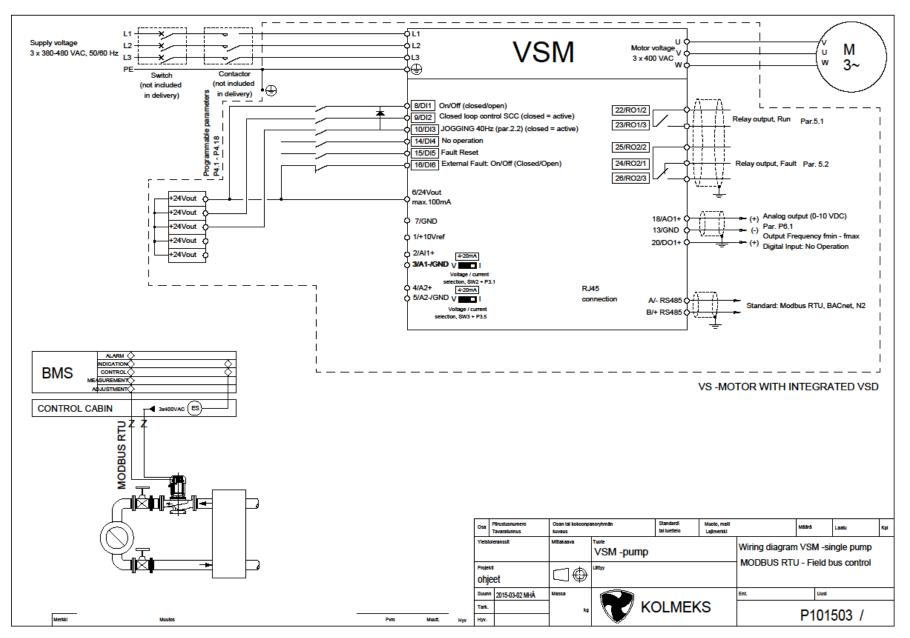








## 8.7 Wiring diagram VSM-single pump



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